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## AN OPTICAL-PATH APPARATUS OF TWO-LENS AND MULTI-REFLECTION

## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

#### 1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to an optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection, more particularly is for the optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection with the combination of penetration area and reflection lens.

#### 2. Description of the Prior Art

Please refer to Figure 2, which is the prior art of "an optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection". It consists of a light source element 1, a dust-proof transparent lens 7, several paper-feeding rollers 5, a first reflection mirror 21, a second reflection mirror 22, a camera lens 3 and a charge coupling device element 4. The light source element 1 supplies the "light" during scanning. There is corresponding reflection area 221 on two reflection mirrors 21, 22. The dust-proof transparent lens 7 lies on a scanned paper 6. The "light" supplied by light source element 1 can penetrate the dust-proof transparent lens 7 onto the surface of original paper 6. From the original paper 6, the reflected "light" can penetrate dust-proof transparent lens 7 and projecting onto the first lens 21. The "light" processes twice or more reflections between two lens 21, 22. At last, the camera lens 3 focuses the "light" into image on the charge coupling device element 4.

Because the dust-proof transparent lens 7 and the second reflection mirror 22 are two separated and independent elements, there is the room for improvement in consideration of space allocation and cost saving as well.

### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The main object of this invention is to provide an optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection. The design feature is to coat part of a lens with a layer of material such that it keeps the ability to reflect

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the "light". In the other hand, the another part of the lens maintains the state of transparency, so it keeps the function of dust-proof transparent lens in prior art. By doing so, the manufacturing process is simplified, the number of lenses is reduced and the cost is down.

The present invention of the optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection includes a light source element, a reflective element, a camera lens and a charge coupling device element. The light source element supplies the "light" during scanning. The reflection element includes a first reflection mirror and a second reflection mirror. In the optical-path of the "light", by arranging an appropriate relative angle between two mirrors can produce twice or more reflections between the first lens and the second lens. The characteristic is that there are two areas in The first area is a transparent window which is positioned the second lens. between the original paper and light source element. The second area is a reflection surface capable of reflecting the "light". The reflected "light" from the original paper penetrates the transparent window, then projects to the another lens and reflects back to the reflection area of the first lens. After twice or more reflections between two lenses, the camera lens focuses the "light" into a image on the charge coupling device element.

In order to describe more for the operation principle of the invention, a detailed description together with drawings are presented as following.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is the illustration of the optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection.

Figure 2 is the illustration of the prior art of the optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection.

# <u>DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERED</u> <u>EMBODIMENT</u>

Please refer to Figure 1. It illustrates the present invention of the optical-path apparatus of two-lens and multi-reflection. Its components include a light source element 1, a reflection element 2, a camera lens 3 and a charge coupling device element 4.

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The light source element 1 supplies the "light" during scanning. reflection element 2 includes a first reflection mirror 21 and a second reflection mirror 22. On reflection mirror 21, there is a reflection area 221 to reflect the light source. On reflective mirror 22, there are also a reflective area 221 to reflect light source and a transparent window 222 which is positioned between original paper 6 and light source element 1. Arranging an appropriated corresponding angle between the first reflection mirror 21 and the second reflection mirror 22 can make the "light" reflect back and forth twice or more times between two mirrors. Furthermore, the reflection area 221 and penetration area 222 are formed to one body on the The reflection area 221 can be made by coating a layer second mirror 22. of material with the ability to reflect the "light". Another part of the mirror 22 can be kept in the state of transparency, so this kind of design will make the manufacturing process more simple, reduction of the lens number, and cost down.

For better effect, the material coated on the mirror to reflect the "light" can be mercury, silver or other reflective materials. These materials can be coated on the surface or bottom layer of the mirror and with the characteristic of reflection.

Furthermore, this invention should include several paper-feeding roller 5, which can be operated by manual or automation to move the original paper 6 relatively.

In the preferred embodiment of this invention of Figure 1, the light source element 1 supplies the "light" during scanning. The "light" passes through the transparent window 222 of the second mirror 22 and projects onto the surface of original paper 6. Then, the reflected "light" from the original paper 6 again passes through the transparent window 222 and projects to the first reflection mirror 21. After two or more times reflection between reflection area 221 of the second mirror 22 and the first reflection mirror 21, the camera lens 3 focuses the "light" into an image on the charge coupling device element 4.

In summary, this invention provides a single mirror (as the second mirror 22), on which one part is coated with a layer of reflective material and another part maintains the originally transparent state. This mirror possesses both functions of "reflection mirror" and "dust-proof transparent

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mirror" in prior art. This design reduces the number of lens and simplifies structure, so the cost is down, therefore the volume is shrunk and the parts for installation are easier and simpler.

It may thus be seen that the object of the present invention set forth herein, as well as those made apparent from the foregoing description, are efficiently attained. While the preferred embodiment of the invention has been set forth for purpose of discourse, modifications of the disclosed embodiment of the invention as well as other embodiment thereof may occur to those skilled in the art. Accordingly, the appended claims are intended to cover all embodiments which do not depart from the spirit and scope of the invention.